Terms of the Richmond Enquirer. Terms of the spublished DAILY and SEMI-by The Enquirer is published DAILY and SEMI-WEEKLY. For the Daily Paper, seven dollars per an-m, and at the rate of eight dollars if taken for a short-

WERLY. For the Daily Paper, seven dollars per anweekly. For the Daily Paper, seven dollars per annum, and at the rate of eight dollars if taken for a shortnum, and at the rate of eight dollars if taken for a shortnum, and at the rate of eight dollars if taken for a shortnum, and and are the seven to be paid in the office, or remitted by
payable in advance, to be paid in the office, or remitted by
math, post paid, or Six Dollars per annum at the end of
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AT All dues to this office may be remitted per mail,
and and available Bank notes, at the risk of the Ediin good and available Bank notes, at the risk of the Ediin good and available Bank notes, at the risk of the Ediincolour the postage of all letters being paid by the seriters.

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TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

IN THE DAILY ENQUIRER—For one square of
sitteen lines, or less, first insertion, fifty cents, and
every succeeding insertion twenty-five cents—in inserted once a week, twice a week, or three times a week,
thirty seven and a half cents.

Annual advertisers are charged fifty dollars for thirty
and a stream and a half cents.

Annual advertisers are charged fifty dollars for thirty
lines, and in that proportion for advertisements of a
greater leugth—except Lottery Venders and Auctioners, who are charged one hundred dollars, (paper included).

cluded.)
IN THE SEMI-WEEKLY—One square of sixteen
IN THE semi-weekly—One square of continulines, or less, first insertion, is cents; for each continua-ance, 50 cents. Orders from a distance must be accompanied with the advance pay, or satisfactory references, to insure execu-

tion.

All Obituaries and Marriages from the country, whenever the party's hand-writing is unknown at this Office, must be authenticated by the endorsation of the Postmaster in the neighborhood, or they will in no case be published. Every measure, that has been taken to prevent impositions and quitzes, has proved heretofore unavailing. We must, therefore, insist, is such a case, upon the communication being certified by the name of the Postmaster, written on the back of the letter.

Medical College.

IN RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

THE Winter Course of Lectures in the Medical Department of Hampden Sidney College will commence, in Richmond, on Monday, the 27th day of October next, and continue until the last of February following. The new Col-lege and Hospital Edifice has been completed, and every arrangement has been made to afford and every arrangement has been made to anoth the Student all the advantages which are obtained in any institution in the U.S. In addition to the usual Lectures, Surgical and Medical Cliniques will be given regularly at the College Hospital, City Almshouse, Penitentiary and Armory; by which the Student will have the opportunities of the diseases incident to the nity of witnessing the diseases incident to the South, and which he will be called upon to treat at the commencement of his professional life. The number of major and minor Surgical operations which have been yearly performed before the Medical Class, has already claimed for the College the reputation of a leading school for

JOHN CULLEN, M. D., Professor of the L. W. CHAMBERLAYNE, M. D., Profes

sor of Therapeutics and Materia Medica. R. L. BOHANNAN, M. D., Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children. JEFFRIES WYMAN, M. D., Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
SOCRATES MAUPIN, M. D., Professor of

Chemistry and Pharmacy.
AUG. L. WARNER, M. D., Professor of Surgery.
CARTER P. JOHNSON, M. D., Demonstrator of

Anatomy.

The abundance of materials for dissection, and the convenience and comfort of the dissecting room, will enable the student to study thoroughly the Anatomy of the Human Body, and also acquire skill in the use of Surgical instruments. Good board, including lights, fuel and servant's attendance, can be procured from \$3 50 to \$5

Current bank notes of the States in which the students reside will be taken for tickets.

AUG. L. WARNER, M. D., Dean of the Faculty. SANDS' SARSAPARILLA.—There is no safety for the patient suffering from Cancer,

Scrofula, or any form of malignant ulcer, save in which fosters and stimulates the disease .- It is of little use to administer a mere palliative. "It will but skin and film the ulcerous place, While rank corruption, mining all within,

The sufferer who wishes a curative remedy instead of a means of temporary relief, should resort at once to Sands' Sarsaparilla; first, however, for his or her satisfaction, examining the record of cures it has performed, or learning operation. The proprietors court an inquiry into its merits; they know that it will come out like seven times proven gold from any ordeal to

which it might be subjected. For further particulars, and conclusive evidence of its superior value and efficacy, see pamphlets which may be obtained of agents gratis.

Prepared and sold, wholesale and retail, and for exportation, by A. B. SANDS & Co., Druggists and Chemists, Granite Buildings, No. 73, Broadway, corner of Chambers Street, New York. Sold also by ALEX'R DUVAL & CO., Agents, Main Street, Richmond, Va. Price \$1 per bottle, or six bottles for \$5.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, Richmond, April 16th, 1845. }
In the Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond Circuit, John Cosby,

Against James Gray et als., Pursuant to a decree made in this cause on the 21st day of March, 1845, I, as one of the Commissioners in Chancery for the said Court, have appointed the 24th day of June next, between the hours of ten o'clock, A. M., and two o'clock, P. M., and so from day to day between the same hours, (Sundays excepted,) until the 29th day o July following, at my office in the city of Richmond, State of Virginia, for receiving and hearing the proof of whatever debts or claims the creditors of David M. Branch individually, and of the late firm conducted under the name of the said Branch alone, but composed of John B. Alen and the said Branch, may have against either the said David M. Branch individually, or against the said firm. And should any such creditors tail, under this notice, to come forward and prove their debts or claims, the Court will proceed to decree a distribution of the trust funds among such of the said creditors as shall have duly com-April 18—c2awi29Jy

New York Morning News will publish imdiately twice a week till 29th July, and send bill to this office.

TN CHANCERY-VIRGINIA: At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Goochland counly, 23d June, 1845: Plaintiff:

Against
Joseph Shelton, Wm. S, Fowler and Elihu
L. Terrell, administrators of Joseph Shelton, deDefendants. The plaintiff this day filed her bill, and the defendant Joseph Shelton not having entered his appearance and given security, according to the act of Assembly, and rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth—It is or-dered, that the said defendant, Joseph Shelton, do appear before the Judge of said Court, at the Court-house, on the first day of our September Court next, and and answer the plaintift's bill; and that a copy of this order be torthwith inserted in some public newspaper published in the City of Richmond for two months successively,

and posted at the front door of the Court House of this county. A Copy—Teste:
July 1—cw2m WM. MILLER, C. C. IN CHANCERY-VIRGINIA :- At a Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, con-

tinued by adjournment, and held for York county, the 28th day of April, 1845:
Baker P. Lee, and Benjamin E. Bucktrout,
Wm. H. Pierce, and Robert H. Armistead, which said Pierce and Armistead are late merchants and partners in trade, under the firm and style of Pierce and Armistead, who prosecute for them-

selves all other creditors of Matthew Jones Gibbs, deceased.

against
Wm. Nelson, Executor of Thomas A. Gibbs, deceased, and William Howard, Sheriff of York County, and Committee and Administrator of Matthew J. Gibbs, deceased, Defendants. This cause came on this day to be again heard on the papers formerly read, and on the report of Commissioner Shield, to which no exception is filed, and was argued by counsel: On considera-tion whereof, the Court doth adjudge, order and decree, that this cause be referred to the Commissioner of this Court, to take an account of what ceased, the Testator in the proceedings in this cause named; and that all persons who may have claims against the said Thomas A. Gibbs, deceased, do exhibit the same before the said Commissioner for settlement, on or before the first day of August next; and the said Commissioner is to cause this order to be published for eight weeks, previous to the said first day of August next, in some newspaper published in the City of Richmond, and to post the same at the door of York

Against
Baker Mann, Asa Mann, Mary Flournoy,
Gehaza Mann, and Rebecca his wife, Duncan
Mann, Nancy Mann, in their proper persons;
Joseph P. Gill, an infant, by _____, his next
friend; also Win. Goode, Sr., sheriff of Chesterfield
county, to whose hands the estate of Jeremiah Mann, a convict confined in the Penitentiary has

This day came the plaintiffs and filed their bill, and the defendants, Nancy Mann and Asa Mann, not having entered their appearance and giving security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country, it is ordered, that the said defendants, Nancy Mann and Asa Mann, do appear here on the first day of August term next, and answer the bill of the plaintiffs; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper publish ed in the city of Richmond for two m

cessively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county. A Copy—Teste: June 3—cw2m P. POINDEXTER, C. TN CHANCERY-VIRGINIA: At rules held in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery for Buckingham county,

on Monday, the fifth day of May, 1845 Benj. Hubbard, Against Thos. Gary, John Hubbard and Wm. Hubbard

The defendants John Hubbard and Win. Hubbard, not having entered their appearance and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this country: It is ordered, that the said absent defendants do appear at the rules to be holden for the said Court on the first Monday in August next, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

Teste: R. ELDRIDGE, C. C.S. C. June 3-cw2m IN CHANCERY.—VIRGINIA: At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond Circuit, the 7th day

of May, in the year 1845: John Sheppard, late Sheriff of the county of Henrico, to whom the Estate of Martin Pate, deceased, was committed for administration, with his will annexed, Plaintiff:

Levy R. Clarke and Lucy B. his wife, and another, Defendants:
The defendants above-named not having entered their appearance, and given security, ac-cording to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing, by satisfactory evidence, that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth, it is Ordered, that the said defendants do appear here, at the rules to be holden in the Office of the said Court, on the first Monday in August next, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said

May 13-cw2m N. P. HOWARD, C. C. IN CHANCERY .- VIRGINIA :- At Rules held I in the Clerk's Office of the Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond Circuit, the 7th day

of June, in the year 1845 : Silas Anderson, Thomas Hope and other Defendants.

The defendant above named not having entered his appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the Rules of this Court, nd it appearing, by satisfactory evidence, that he is not an inhabitant of this Commonwealth: It is ordered, That the said defendant do appear at the rules to be holden for the said Court on the first Monday in August next, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the City of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the Capitol in the said City. A Copy. Teste,
June 10—cw2m N. P. HOWARD, C. C.

TN CHANCERY-VIRGINIA: At rules taken in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery of Prince Edward county, the third day of March, 1845: Joseph Redd

against Abraham Z. Venable, Patrick H. Jackson, Trustee of Abraham Z. Venable, and Henry J. Venable and John Gilliam, Executors of Charles Det'ts. Venable, dec'd. The defendant Gilliam not having entered his appearance and given security, according to an act of the General Assembly and the rules of

this Court, and it appearing that he is not an in-habitant of this State: On the motion of the plaintiff, by counsel, it is entered at rules afore-said, and accordingly ordered, that the defendant Gilliam do appear at rules to be taken in the Clerk's Office of the said Court, on the first Monday in September next, and answer the plaintiff's bill—and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some one of the public newspapers printed in the city of Richmond for two months successively, and also posted at the front door of the Court-house of this county.

A Copy—Teste: B. J. WORSHAM, C. C. June 17-cw2m IN CHANCERY-VIRGINIA:—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Superior

Court of Law and Chancery for Goochland coun-Joseph Hodgson,

Against, Dabney Cosby and Heningham C. Harrison, administratrix of Randolph Harrison, deceased,

The plaintiff this day filed his bill, and the defendant, Dabney Cosby, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the Act of Assembly and the rules of this Court; and it satisfactority appearing that he is not an in-habitant of this Commonwealth: It is ordered, that the said defendant, Dabney Cosby, do appear before the Judge of our said Court, at the Court House, on the first day of September Court next, and answer the Plaintiff's bill; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some public newspaper published in the City of Richmond for two months successively and posted at the front door of the Court House of this county. A Copy—Teste, WILLIAM MILLER, C. C.

IN CHANCERY.—VIRGINIA:—At a Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, continued and held for Buckingham county, at the Court-house, on Thursday, the 14th day of Sep-tember, 1843, sitting as a Court of Chancery: Zachariah Lewis, Plaintiff:

against Edward M. Stratton and Sarah bis wife, formerly Sarah Sanderson, Reuben B. Patteson and William H. Tapscott, Catharine Sanderson, David Sanderson and Daniel Sanderson, the last

three of whom are under the age of twenty-one years, Defendants:
The defendant, Stratton, being out of the State, and against whom the plaintiff appears to have proceeded in the mode prescribed by law against absent defendants, and they still failing to appear and answer, on the motion of the plaintiff, by counsel, the Court doth take the bill for confessed counsel, the Court doth take the bill for confessed as to these defendants, thereupon, this cause came on to be heard upon the hill confessed, the exhibits, and was argued by the plaintiff's counsel; on consideration whereof, the Court, not deciding any of the questions which may arise in the cause, doth adjudge, order and decree, that William H. Tapscott and Reuben B. Patteson, trus tees or agents under the deed made by William Sanderson of the 6th of November, 1837, do render an account of their actings and doings under the power conferred by said deed, before one of the Commissioners of this Court, and that they shall render an account of all the property, both real and personal, which came to their hands under said deed, showing what property has been sold, and for what purposes, by said trustees, and an account showing the amount of outstanding and unsatisfied debts of the said William Sanderson

A Copy : Teste, R. ELDRIDGE, C. COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, Buckingham C. H., 12th June, 1845. The parties interested in the above order please to take notice, that I shall commence taking the account required by the order aforesaid on Thursday, 17th July next, and continue the same from day to day until completed. The parties will please to attend at my office by 10 o'clock, A. M., of that day, with the necessary

bome newspaper published in the City of Richmond, and to post the same at the door of York County Court House, for two successive Court days.

Copy. Teste,

June 17—cw4w RO. SHAW, Com'r.

HOYT'S OFFICE.—Please note schemes for the month, to be found in another part of this paper.

Copy. Teste,

June 17—cw4w RO. SHAW, Com'r.

HOYT'S OFFICE.—Please note schemes for the month, to be found in another part of this paper.

May 27—cw8w papers for effecting the same.

IN CHANCERY—Visginia: In Chesterfield County Court, May 13th, 1845:

STATES.

Patrick Womack and Long his wife (former- TN pursuance of law, I, JAMES K. POLK, IN pursuance of law, I, JAMES K. POLK, III pursuance of law, I, JAMES K. POLK, III pursuance of law, II hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the undermentioned land-offices in | will be held at the undermentioned land offices, in the State of Missouri, at the periods hereinafter

designated, to wi: At the land-office at SPRINGFIELD, commencing on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following townships, to wit: North of the base line and west of the fifth princi-

pal meridian. Township twenty-nine, of range fourteen; Township thirty-four, of range nineteen; Township twenty-four, of range twenty;

Township thirty-two, of ranges twenty-one and Townships thirty-three and thirty-four, of range

twenty-five;
Townships thirty, thirty-one, and thirty-two, of

range thirty-two; Fractional townships thirty, thirty-one, and thirty-two, of range thirty-three At the land-office at FAYETTE, commencing on Monday, the first day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the follow-

ing townships, to wit: North of the base line and west of the fifth princi-Townships sixty-five and sixty-six, of range

Townships sixty-five and sixty-six, of range Townships sixty-five and sixty-six, of range

sixteen;
Townshipssixty-one, sixty-two, and sixty-three, of range seventeen; Townships sixty-one, sixty-two, sixty-three, sixty-four, and sixty-six, of range eighteen; Township sixty-six, of ranges nineteen, twen-

ty, twenty-one, twenty-two, and twenty-three.
At the land-office at CLINTON, commencing on Monday, the eighteenth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships and islands in the Mis

North of the base line and west of the fifth princi

Township thirty-eight, of range twenty; Township thirty-five, of range twenty-five; Township forty-two, of ranges twenty-eight and twenty-nine;

Township thirty-five, of range thirty-one; Townships forty-five, forty-six and forty-seven, The southeast quarter of section nine, in town-

ship forty-eight, of range thirty-two; Islands numbered fifteen, sixteen and seventeen, in the Missouri river, embracing parts of sec tions eight, seventeen, eighteen, nineteen, and the undermentioned townships to witteenty, in township fitty-one, of range twenty-three: South of the base line and West of the Island numbered fourteen, embracing parts of sections eight, nine, ten, fifteen, sixteen and seventeen, (except section sixteen,) in township fifty-one

of range twenty-four; That part of island numbered eighteen, em-braced in sections one and two of township fiftyone, and section thirty-six of township fitty-two, of range twenty-four;

Islands numbered ten, eleven, twelve and thirteen, embraced in sections eighteen and nineteen of township filty-one of range twenty-five, and sections twenty, twenty-three, and twenty-four, in township fifty-one, of range twenty-six; Islands numbered seven, eight, and nine embraced in sections thirteen, fourteen, fifteen, twenty-two, twenty-three, twenty-four, twenty-nine,

thirty, thirty-one, and thirty-two, of township fiftyone, of range twenty-seven; and sections twentyfive and thirty-six of township fifty-one, of range twenty-eight;
Island numbered six, embraced in sections four

and five of township fifty, of range twenty-seven; Islands numbered four and five, embraced in sections fourteen and fifteen of township fifty, South of the base line and West of the Merudian. of range twenty-eight, and sections twenty-nine and thirty-two of township fifty one, of range twenty-eight; That part of island numbered three, embraced in sections seven and eighteen of township fifty,

of range twenty-eight.

At the land office at PLATTSBURG, con mencing on Monday, the eleventh day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

The sale. North of the base line, and West of the fifth princi-

pal meridian.
Township sixty-one, of range thirty; Townships sixty-two and sixty-three, of range thirty-one;

Township sixty-three, of range thirty-two: Township sixty-four, of range thirty-three, The Southeast quarter of section seven in town-ship fifty-eight, of range thirty-five. Lands appropriated by law for the use of

schools, military, and other purposes, will be ex-The sales will each be kept open for two weeks (unless the lands are sooner disposed of,) and no longer; and no private entries of land in the townships so offered, will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks. Given under my hand at the city of Washing-

ton, this ninth day of May, anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and forty five.

JAMES K. POLK.

JAS. SHIELDS Commissioner of the General Land Office.

NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every person entitled to the right of pre-emp-tion to any lands within the limits of the townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the proper land office, and make payment therefor, as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the township embracing the tract claimed, (above designated;) otherwise such claim will be forfeited

Commissioner of the General Land Office. May 20-cw10w

FOR SALE.

THE Subscriber offers for sale the estate upon which he resides, "FARNLEY." It contains 500 acres of the best quality lime-stone land, with a never-failing stream of water passing through it, and an ample supply of Wood.— It is situated within two and a half miles of the White Post, Clarke county, Virginia, and has two manufacturing mills within three miles of the barn-door. The improvements are equal to those of any estate in the valley of Virginia. The dwelling built within the last ten years, under the subscriber's own superintendence, has, upon the first floor, a vestibule, from which to the left you pass into a drawing-room, library and diningoom, to which last is attached a butlery closet with a fire-place; to the right is a spacious chamber, dressing-room, bond-room and spacious store-room, from whence by a passage of 80 feet to a pastry-room, kitchen, lumber-room, and to a pastry-toon, stand in the covert, bee-lodging for servants, and in the covert, bee-hive, smoke-house, ice-house, &c., &c., &c. The second story is divided into four spacious Chambers; to one of which there is an ante-chamber, of good size, and to all closets and presses. A handsome Belvidere on the roof; exhibits a panoramic view of many miles of the beautiful Valley of Virginia. Its situation is upon a hill, with a lawn of some acres in front, and a fine spring at the base of the hill. A Colonade of some 80 feet at the back of the house; affords a pleasant walk in bad weather; and from t you pass into a shrnbbery filled with roses and other flowers and plants, and thence to a kitchen garden, containing a variety of fruit, and admi-rably located. The Farm Improvements consist of a large Swisher Barn, with stalls in the baseof a large Swisser Bath, what sails in the base-ment for 20 Horses; a Cow Shelter of brick, 280 feet long, supported in front by brick columns; and a Hay Mow above, which will contain 40 tons of hay; a Corn House, Carpenter Shop and Negro Quarters; the last of stone, and recently built. The subscriber can confidently recommend the property to a gentleman of fortune, who wishes to retire to the country. Address the subscriber, White Post Office,

Clarke county, Virginia. JAMES HAY.

RUNAWAY IN JAIL. WAS committed to the jail of this county on W the fifth day of this month a Negro Man, who calls himself JAMES ALLEN, and says he belongs to Ezekiel Speed of Abbeville District, South Carolina. James is about 25 years of age, five feet five or six inches high, is quite bowlegged, and a little deaf; he is of bright ginger cake complexion, and very intelligent; he seems to be well acquainted with the travelling routes through North and South Carolina, Georgia and Alabama, having, as he says, travelled through those States with his former master, George Nixon, who, he says, is a Negro-trader

The owner or owners of said slave, are requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, &c., otherwise he will be dwelt with as J. THOMPSON, Jr., Jailor,

STATES.

N pursuance of law, I, JAMES R, POLK, President of the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales

the State of Arkansas, at the periods hereinafter designated, to wit:
At the land office at BATESVILLE, commencing on Monday, the eighth day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

North of the base line and west of the meridian Township nine, of range four; Township five, of range five; Townshipsthirteen and sixteen, of rangetwelve; Townships thirteen, lourteen and sixteen, of

public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

North of the base line and West of the meridian. Sections five, six and seven, in township six, of range eighteen; The north halves of sections one and two, and

sections thirty-one and thirty-two, in township seven, of range eighteen;
Township four, of ranges twenty twenty one, iwenty-five and twenty-six;

Township eleven, of range twenty-three; Townships three and four, of range twenty-six;

Townships one, two, three and four, of range Townships three, four ant eleven, of range thirty-one;

Townships three and four, of ranges thirty-two and thirty-three.

At the land office at WASHINGTON, commencing on Monday, the eighteenth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit: South of the base line and West of the meridian. Townships one and two, of ranges twenty-one, twenty-two and twenty-three;
Sections twenty and twenty-nine, East of Red river, in township fifteen, of range twenty-five;

Townships four, five, six and seven, of range At the land office at FAYETTEVILLE, com-

mencing on Monday, the 1st day of September next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit: North of the base line and West of the meridian. Townships eighteen and nineteen, of range

Township thirteen, of range thirty-one. At the land office at LITTLE ROCK, com-mencing on Monday, the 25th day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within South of the base line and West of the meridian.

Township four of range seventeen. North of the base line and West of the meridian. The South-west quarter of section fifteen, sec-tions seventeen, eighteen and nineteen; the North half and South-east quarter of section twenty, section twenty-one, and the North-west cuarter of section twenty-two, in township six, of range

quarter of section seven, tractional sections twenty-eight and thirty-three, and the South-west quarter of section twenty-six, in township four, of Fractional section thirty-one, in township five,

of range fourteen;
The South half of section one, section twelve, and the North half of section thirteen, in township four, of range fitteen.

At the land office at CHAMPAGNOLE, commencing on Monday, the eleventh day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships, to wit:

Townships eleven seventeen and eighteen, of Townships elever, sixteen, seventeen and nine-

teen, of range sixteen; Township seventeen, of rage seventeen. Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, and other purposes, will be excluded

The sales will eich be kept open for two weeks, (unless the lands are sooner disposed of,) and no longer; and no priate entries of land in the town-ships so offered vill be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks.

Given under my hand at the city of Washing-

ton, this ninth dy of May, Anno Domini one thousand eight hindred and forty-five. JAMÉS K. POLK. By the President:

JAS. SHELDS, Commssioner of the General Land Office. NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. Every personentitled to the right of pre-emp-tion to any land within the limits of the townships above enumerated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the register and receiver of the poper land office and make payment therefor, as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day appointed for the commencement of the public sale of the township embracing the tract claimed, (above designated;) otherwise such claim will be forfeited.

JAS. SHIELDS, Commissioner of the General Land Office.

TN CHANCERY-VIRGINIA :- At a Court of quarterly sessions, held for Accomack county, adjournment, at the Court House thereof, on Tuesday, the 27th day of May, 1845 : George P. Scarburgh,

against Ann Maria Silverthorn, Priscilla Silverthorn, John L. S. Silverthorn, and Robert Dail and Elizabeth his wife, Defendants.

The defendants not having entered their appearance, and given security according to the act of Assembly and the rules of this Court, and it appearing by satisfactory evidence that they are not inhabitants of this Commonwealth: It is ordered, that the said defendants do appear here on the 1st day of August term next of this Court, and answer the bill of the plaintiff; and that a copy of this order be forthwith inserted in some newspaper published in the city of Richmond, for two months successively, and posted at the front door of the

Court House of this county.

A true Copy. Teste,

J. J. AILWORTH,

Deputy for Thus. R. Joynes, C. A. C. Accomack Court House, Va., June 24 cw2m

RUNAWAY IN JAIL. NOTTOWAY COURT HOUSE, April 28, 1845. WAS committed to the jail of this county on the 18th day of March, 1845, a Negro Man, who calls himself ALECK. He is a bright mulatto, about five feet nine or ten inches high, and about twenty-eight or nine years old. He says about twenty-eight or nine years old. He says that he was sold as the property of Francis Epes, by the Sheriff of Nottoway, about the year 1829, to a Mr. Rogers, who carried him to the South, where he escaped, and has since lived with a tribe of Indians in Texas. He had on when committed, a cow's hair hunting shirt, kersey pantaloons, with breakskin leagues as black costs. with buckskin leggings, a black satin vest, a black fur hat, and black silk cap, tringed with Indians' hair, so as to cover the forehead and temples. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and pay charges, or he will be dealt with according to law. May 2-clafly THOS. W. EPES, Jailor.

CHARLES LUMSDEN, Watch Maker CHARLES LUMSDEN, Watch Maker and Jeweller, Petersburg, Va.—Continues to repair Watches, Clocks and Jewelry, at short notice, and in such a manner as to give satisfaction. He keeps constantly on hand a well select-ed stock of Watches, Jewelry, Silver Spoons and

In addition, will be found an excellent assort-ment of gold, silver and steel mounted SPECTA-CLES, as well as Spectacle Glasses, of every description, to fit in frames. He bestows great pains in the selection of his Spectacle Glasses and he assures his friends that his Glasses are of the very best quality, well ground and perfectly polished—and, from his knowledge of the Science of Optics and the structure of the eye, he is prepared to give the most proper advice to persons choosing Spectacles or Glasses. All of which will be disposed of on reasonable terms.

Old Gold and Silver taken in exchange.
Petersburg, May 2 cwtf

JONES & WINSTON, Wholesale and Retail Grocers and Commission Merchants, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

WILL give prompt attention to the sale of Flour, Corn, Wheat, Oats, Tobacco, or any other Country Produce consigned to their address, or that of their Agent, GEO. R. PEAKE. FOR SALE, upon the most reasonable terms, Bacon, gross and nett Herrings, Sugar, Coffee, Molasses, Salt, Iron, Nails, Steel, &c., &c. Orders solicited, under the honorable assurance,

Richmond, July 7.

has retired from the Whig, which will be conducted hereafter by Messrs, John H. Pleasants of Polish laws and Polish judges. and Robert H. Gallaher, under the firm of Roto Virginia from his long connection with the public press-and Mr. Gallaher has been for some years the editor of the Winchester Republican .-A card of Mr. G. says:

Townships thirteen, lourteen and sixteen, of range thirteen.

At the land office at JOHNSON COURT HOUSE, commencing on Monday, the twenty-fith day of August next, for the disposal of the S. Gallaher, and by the active co-operation of the modern companion of the control of John Hampden Pleasants, Esq., aided from time by his former associate John S. Gallaher, and by the active co-operation of the modern companion.

Arrival of the Acadia.

FIFTEEN DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. The Steamship Acadia arrived at Boston, on Wednesday evening, at half past 10 o'clock; making her passage in about 13 days and a half, notwithstanding some detention, occasioned by meeting with icebergs. We have Liverpool and London papers to the 19th of June, the day of sailing.

The Maynooth Bill was again discussed in the House of Lords on the 3d and 4th of June, the measure being denounced on the one hand "not as a boon to Ireland, but a surrender to Rome " amendment (for a select committee to inquire in- | ly only wanting the royal signature to become a sure, and the recoil has been terrible; but still no advance has been made towards the permanent pacification of the country for which the sacrifice SWITZERLAND. was made. There never will be peace in Ireland—it is tolly to expect it—while the Anglican church in that country exists in its present sumptious indolence, in its enormous wealth—a living mockery and libel on the misery of the poorest people in Christendom-and that church not their own-must always be an eye-sore, a The passion cancer, a never-ceasing cause of irritation. The calmed down; on the contrary, they appear to be this unsightly excrescence.

Section six, the North half and South-west IRELAND. The Monster Repeal Banquet, at Cork, for which preparations have been long in progress, took place on Monday the 9th, at the Imperial Clarence Rooms. About 600 persons were at the table, and more than 800 ladies were present as speciators. The Mayor of Cork presided.— According to the reports in the Cork journals, the net far eclipsed any similar proceeding .- state prisoner. Mr. O'Connell, emboldened by recent events, delivered a speech characterised by a more than ordinary share of eloquent vehemence, rejecting with scorn the conciliatory advances of the Minister as "mean and paltry attempts to swamp the great ends of agitation." Mr. Hodges the Goocceedings, as well as at those of Tara. Navan ment in the mountains, between the and such of the renewed monster-meetings as the Christians, and during the last fifteen days have been already held. Mr. O'Connell on Thesday proceeded down the river in one of the steamers; on Wednesday he attended an open meeting, and in the evening made a speech at the People's

Hall, and on Thursday morning he left Cork, and arrived at Merrion-square, Dublin, on Friday evening. The honorable gentleman proposed setting out immediately for London.

Fresh information had arrived in Dublin of an affray between the military and the Leitrim peasantry, in which the latter have suffered the loss of six killed, and a great number wounded. A reinforcement of military have been sent for-ward by express, and much apprehension exists

that martial law will have to be proclaimed.

The proceedings of the Repeal Association of the 9th and 16th insts, were interesting. The the 9th and 16th insts, were interesting. The week's rent on the former occasion was announceed to be £378, and that of the latter £430,16s. 6d. FRANCE.

[Correspondence of the "European Times."]
PARIS, June 16, 1845.—Although the fortnight
that has elapsed since I last addressed you has been a very busy one indeed for both Chambers, tew questions have been dwelt upon of interest to readers on the other side of the Atlantic. Among those few questions, the most prominent is that of Texas. You are aware that the constant effort of the Opposition in this country is to cry down the foreign policy of the Conservative Cabinet of M. Soult and M. Guizot, and to represent it as truckance of this role, M. Billbault, one of the most eminent members of the Opposition, charged the Government with having joined England in op-posing the annexation of Texas to the United States, in return for the concession England has made to France of the right of search treaty. M. Guizot, (who is quite restored to health, and who re-appeared in the Chamber on Tuesday,) denied that any stipulation relative to Texas had been made with regard to the abandonment of that treaty. He then observed that if Texas was desirous of annexing itself to the United States, the French Government had nothing to say against it; but he admitted that it would be more agreeable

to that Government, and more consistent with its interests, if the annexation did not take place.

The report that the American Government intends to reduce its tariffs, has afforded the greatest

satisfaction to the commerce of Paris.

A project, set a-toot some years ago, but unaccountably abandoned for the establishment of a number of steamers to ply between the principal ports of France, her transatlantic colonies, and New York, has been revived, and will shortly, it is expected, become a law. The proposed scheme is of a somewhat gigantic scale; for, in addition to the great lines of continue to reign and the news we have at this moment is, that the to the great lines of communication between France, her colonial possessions, and the United States, branch lines will be established for serv-

Continents of America.

The law, referred to in my last, providing for the gradual abolition of slavery in the French colonies, has passed both Chambers, and another law for introducing European laborers into the co-lonies is under consideration. The new Cus toms law, modifying in some important particu lars the duties on imported articles, has been sanctioned by royal ordinance, and is now the

The new treaty between England and France has excited much interest. It is upon the whole regarded with great favor; but the Opposition, though they claim the merit of it, insist that it is not so favorable to France as it might have been. The instructions to be given to the commanders of the fleets which are to be kept upon the Afri-can coast, are pretty nearly the same in letter as the instructions given to the United States fleet on the same station; but the newspapers find that the Chamber of Deputies in the course of a few days. Yesterday it was examined in the Bureaux, and appeared to afford universal satisfactions.

SPAIN. Madrin, June 10 .- We are, as usual, in a ve-

(which is doubtful,) they will not have much to The population of Russia consists of upwards

of 53,000,000 persons, of whom more than 43,-000,000 are serfs. On the estates of the Crown there are about 15,000,000 serfs-the rest are the Prince Albert would visit the Emperor in the course of the Summer.

POLAND. The object of the visit of the Emperor Nicho-EDITORIAL CHANGE.—Mr. Alexander Moseley saw, is believed to have been to arrange the necessary measures for the introduction of the Russian code of laws, and of Russian judges, in place

bert H. Gallaher & Co. Mr. P. is well known to Virginia from his beat to view the abolition of the laws under which they have heretofore lived, with dismay; but they can do nothing but submit thereto. The Emperor is also bent upon doing away with the Catholic re-ligion, substituting that of the Greek church; another measure most repugnant to the people. In some provinces a dreadful famine is raging,

and the misery of the people is appalling.

GERMANY.

FRANKFORT, June 13.—That this "old world" of ours, as your transatlantic readers call Europe, is overstocked by human kind, is a fact too notorious to be denied; for, from Germany alone, during the year 1844, not less than farty five thousand persons emigrated to the United States, and this year the number is still greater in pro-portion. But, notwithstanding so extensive a deportation, Vaterland is still sufficiently peopled o thickly peopled perhaps-to afford a com-

tortable subsistence to all its children.

The schism in the Church continues to excite great attention; but like most schisms, a schism as taken place in it, a large number of those who joined it having separated from it, and (if so protane a form of expression may be pardoned,) set up in business on their own account as a boon to Ireland, but a surrender to Rome," and commended on the other as "singularly wise, benevolent and Christain, carrying out the great rule of doing to others as we would wish that others should do unto us," and would be received with cordiality, and as an indication of a kindly spirit by the mass of the people. There were two discussions. On the first—Lord Roden's imposter, however ignorant or imprudent, has only make no more converted to it. We all know the charm religious novelty possesses—a charm so great, that any imposter, however ignorant or imprudent, has only the commence a seed to gain converts; but as this schism is a formidable thing for the Catholic amendment (for a select committee to inquire into the teaching and discipline at Maynooth;) there appeared Contents 59, Non-contents 155: majority against the amendment 96. On the second—that the bill be read a second time, Contents present 144, proxies 82; For 286:—Non-contents elsewhere, because, politics being forbidden to the month college, but the contents of present 55 proxies 14; Against 69:—Majority for the people, religion is the only subject on which the second reading 157. The bill passed its third reading on the 16th by a vote of 181 to 80. Thus son; but the Germans, with all their speculative. ness, are too much attached to the old beaten ways law-which it has ere this undoubtedly received. of their tathers, to follow, for any length of time, The present Government has struck a formidable the apostles of a new faith. Instead, however, blow at popular prejudice in this Maynooth mea- of letting the thing die away of itself, some go-

SWITZERLAND. The richest church existing amongst the | confined in one of its prisons, but "haughty Aus-

knife, sooner or later, must be applied to cut out | increasing, and it is almost feared that other troubles will be the result BELGIUM.

Barssets, June 15 .- This diminutive kingdom s at present in a great bustle on account of the THE EAST. The Overland Mail from Bombay is to the 12th

of May. The chief intelligence of interest is from Lahore. Ghoolab Singh was there kept a The news from China comes down to the end of March. The Emperor is said to have received some favorable notice of Christianity, and was

From a private letter. FRIGHTFUL ATROCITIES IN SYRIA.-"A civil Porter, removed. war, and one of extermination, reigns at this m are dreadful. On every side the sounds of batflame-houses, villages, churches and convents being reciprocally a prey to the flames. At the moment I write (May 17) we have before us the appalling spectacle of no less than eleven villages and a number of Maronite churches and convents in flames; and what is worse, when the Christians are victorious, they enter the Druse villages, the Druses following their example when they the sole support of the Syrian population, have Catholics have been burned, and the bodies of their priests, after death, have been burned by the Druses. Every horror is practised on their ene-mies—for example, to kill by tamine, massacre, and a thousand other acts of barbarism are mo-mentarily committed. The Christians at the troops, as soon as he perceives the Christians vic-torious, points his artillery against them, loaded with grape, and compels this unfortunate sect to take to flight. The Druses immediately enter their villages, seeking them, burning their houses goods, &c. I do not doubt but the Pasha has se

cret orders from his Government to destroy and ruin the Christians entirely, or he could not so ling in all things, great or small, to the imperious dictation of the English Government. In pursu
"The fanaticism of the Turks on the coast is daily becoming more and more visible, and we are menaced by a terrible revolution. In Saida Christians; but thanks to some European ships of war, and to Reschid Pacha, who left suddenly for the seat of disturbance, a calm, perhaps momen-tary, has succeeded. Here, in Beyrout, a rising also took place a few days ago, to put the Christians to death; but thanks to the energy of the consuls, and to some of the rich Turkish pro-

prietors, a calm has succeeded.
"At this moment, with the help of our glasses, we see unfortunate fugitive Christians-women and children, to the number of 6,000 or 7,000 on the coast. Two ships of war, one French and one Austrian, and five or six small vessels, chartered by the mercantile body, have sailed to collect and save them from the dreadful death which awaits them from famine. I do not know what so many people will do here to live; or what we all shall Austrian, and five or six small vessels, chartered do, from the great existing scarcity of water,

Christians have been obliged to fire on the regular troops, which places us in a very alarming States, branch lines will be established for serving different parts of the Northern and Southern against all the Christians, and we are now all prepared, weapon in hand, to defend our houses and the lives of our families. Yesterday the Pasha wrote to the Consular body that it was impossible for him to reconcile the hostile parties, and demanded assistance from them. But what can the Consuls do between two nations equally stupid, ignorant, fanatical and superstitions?-Our city is already full of unfortunate mountaineers, of the Christians, men, women and children, dying of hunger, whom the Consuls here are con strained to support in common charity.'

MISCELLA NEOUS. The bill for electing the Roman Catholic Col-leges in Ireland was still before the House of An electric gun has been exhibited in London

which fired one thousand balls a minute. The

mode of operation is a secret, but it is supposed to be by an explosion of gases. The agricultural reports are more satisfactory they are very different in spirit. But it is useless than at any former period in the present century, to go into the matter at present, as the law for car- and there is every appearance of an overwhelmrying into effect the treaty will be discussed in ing produce of every kind, which may, in some

rates of interest. [From Wilmer & Smith's European Times.] LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET, Jone 6. ry exoited state in the capital; but I have little news to communicate. The brutal arrest of the editors of a newspaper, the Clamor Publico, has RUSSIA.

In letters from St. Petersburgh it is stated, that the Emperor intended to advance near to, if not to the actual scene of, the war in Caucasus.—
The disasters that have befallen the Russian armies in that country, have been so terrible, that even if victory should crown their present efforts, (which is doubtful) they will not have much to the saturday last—the expectation of which was alluded to in our Friday's circular. Two or three days of quietness ensued, and in some instances at the most depressed moment sales were effected at the most depressed moment sal

rather lost ground—the demand being limited to
It was fully beheved, in St. Petersburgh, that

a moderate supply for the trade. Since Wednesday, a change has come upon us; the sales being from 8000 to 10,000 bags daily, and prices fully sup-Prince Albert would visit the course of the Summer.

The Emperor has given orders that no nobleman shall be permitted to live abroad unless he spends at least three months in every two years in spends at least three months in every two years in Russia. If he neglects this condition, his proper-assisted by the present fine weather, has had to do assisted by the present fine weather, has had to do assisted by the present fine weather, has had to do the foregoing decree.

July 1—cw4w JOHN SHORE, Com'r,

deed, so far as we can learn, the only cause of the

June 18 .- The demand for cotton is kept up with much steadiness. The result is a hardening in price; it is, however, in so limited a degree as searcely to justify a raised scale of quotations. The sales on Saturday were 8,000 bags, on Monday 8,000, on Tuesday 6,000, and to-day 10,000; altogether 32,000 bags in 4 days. To-day 3,000 were taken on speculation.

FROM MEXICO. We are indebted to the courtesy of Dr. Saunders of the N. Orleans Bee, who arrived here yes-

terday from Pensacola, for the following items of ron, under the command of Com. Connor, namely, the frigate Potomac, flag-ship; the ship Falmouth, and the brigs Somers and Lawrence, arrived at Pensacola on Tuesday, the 24th instant, having sailed from Sacrificios, the man-of-war anchorage at Vera Cruz, on the 12th inst. The officers and crews of these vessels were all well. The squadron visits Pensacola for the purpose of getting supplies of provisions and water, hav

at the time of the sailing of our squadron, were the French brigs Mercurio and Griffon.

The vomito or yellow fever was prevailing to a considerable extent in Vera Cruz. Another revolution broke out in the City of Mexico on the 7th inst. It was led on by a General whose name the Mexican papers do not mention. It commenced with one of the Regiments of Grenadiers, who entered the palace and made prisoners of the President and three of his Ministers. The rebellion, however, was soon quelled and order restored-the citizens, by rallying promptly to the rescue, evincing their firm adherence to the new Government. The General in command of the revolters made his escape; but the Colonel of the Reglment and forty of his

men were instantly tried and shot. In connection with this revolt, it is mentioned that previous to the departure of Santa Anna from Mexico, the troops stationed at Vera Cruz were marched several leagues below the city, in order to prevent all tampering between the friends of the fallen tyrant, and the officers and privates in the city of Mexico, the object of which was to re-instate Santa Anna in power. The steamer that conveyed him away from his country, we also learn, took him on board at a place called Perote Landing, several leagues this side of Vera Cruz, and connected with Castle Perote by a se-parate road from that leading to Vera Cruz. Gomez Farias has been elected Senator in

place of Don Sabastian Comacho. The Government of Mexico was raising an army of 2,000 men, ostensibly for the purpose of being sent to the Californias; but it is the belief of several intelligent American citizens there, that this force is destined to march secretly to the fron-the passions of the people are by no means there of Texas. [Mobile Advertiser, June 27. OFFICIAL.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE PRESIDENT Benjamin F. Johnson, as deputy postmaster at Franktort, Kentucky, on the 1st of July, in the Freeman C. Everts, as deputy postmaster at Toledo, Ohio, on the 1st of July, in the place of Andrew Palmer, resigned.

terton, New York, on the 1st of July, in the place of John F. Hutchinson, resigned. Wm. L'Hommedieu, as deputy postmaster at Norwich, Connecticut, in the place of John II. Townsend, removed.

Pearson Mundy, as deputy postmaster at Wa-

George Sanderson, as deputy postmaster at Carlisle, Pennsylvania, in the place of Wm. M.

Public Sale of Land. IN MONROE COUNTY. N pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Supe Court of Law and Chancery for the county of Louisa, pronounced on the 16th of April, 1845, in the case of D. N. & T. M. Jones, merchants and partners, and Daniel Perkins against Mary P. Duke, widew of Benj B. Duke, dec., said decree, on Thursday, the Solk day of Angust next, at 11 o'clock, A. M., at Union, in the county of Monroe, expose to sale, publicly, to the highest bidder, subject to the dower of the wi-dow of the said B. B. Duke, all the Real Estate lying in the said county of Monroe, of which the said Duke died seized and possessed. This Land lies in the neighborhood of Union, consists of about twenty-two hundred acres, and might be made a most valuable grass farm. It has upon it an inexhaustible quantity of tron ore, which, it is believed, may be made a source of great profit. The terms of sale will be cash for so much as may be necessary to defray the expense attending

the execution of the decree aforesaid—the balance to be paid in two equal annual instalments, the the title to be retained till the whole of the purchase money be paid.
MARY P. DUKE, Com'r, By P. Guerrant, her agent,

June 10-cwtds TN CHANCERY,-VIRGINIA:-At a Superior Court of Chancery for the Richmond Circuit, held at the Capitol, in the city of Richmond or

William B. Green, Administrator of Francis Nash, deceased, and of Jane Green, deceased, Peter R. Bland and Sally his wife, formerly Sally Bland, Samuel Pleasants and Patience R. his wife, formerly Patience R. Vanderwoort, James Young and Ann his wife, formerly Ann Morrison, and Nancy Na-h, formerly Nancy Bland

Adams, and in his own right, Richard A Carrington, executor of Eliza G. Adams, deceased, and administrator of John J. Adams, deceased, John Minge and Mary G. his wife, Burwell B. Moseley and Patsey W. his wife, Richard A. Carrington and Louisa his wife, George Pollard and Mary his wife, Innis C. Adams. Richard L. Smith, John A. Smith, George M. Carrington, administrator of Thomas Smith, deceased, Wil-liam D. Taylor and Eliza his wife, Thomas Marshall, George M. Carrington, Littleberry Carrington and Eliza his wife, George M. Carrington and Eliza his wife, George M. Carrington, administrator of John A. Carrington, deceased, of John Heron, deceased, and of Samuel G. Adams, deceased, Richard H. Adams, David Minge and Elvira his wife, George W. Adams, Thomas Adams, James O. Pollard and Georgianna his wife, [styled in the proceedings heretofore had in this cause Maria F.,] formerly Georgianna Smith, and John C. Smith and Sarah Smith, infants, by the said Richard Adams, their guardian ad litem, assigned to defend them in this suit, and George M. Carrington, adminisin this suit, and George In. Caratar of Tabitha Adams, deceased,
Defendants

Defendants:

This cause came on this day, to be farther heard upon the papers formerly read, and the report of Commissioner Shore, made pursuant to the decree pronounced in this cause on the twenty-ninth day of January, eighteen hundred and twenty-nine, to which there is no exception, and the report of W. B. Green and Richard Adams, Special Commissioners, appointed by the same deer e, to make sale of certain property therein mentioned, and was argued by Counsel: sideration whereof, the Court, without deciding what is the extent of the liability of the Commissioner, W. B. Green, for the proceeds of the sales made by him and the said Richard Adams, doth adjudge, order and decree, that the said William B. Green and Richard Adams do render before one of the Commissioners of this Court an acseverally, from the sales of the slaves and other property sold by them; and that the said Commisproperty sold by them; and that the said Commissioner do apportion the same, with the legal interest thereon from the expiration of sixty days after the same was received, among the kindred, paternal and maternal, of Sally Adams, deceased, so as to show what will be the share of each party if the said Green shall be held responsible for the whole fund, and what will be the share of each party if he be held responsible for one moiety only of the said fund—distributing that resists. trade with much confidence, and we close the week under a reduced quotation of not more than id. per lb. The accounts brought by the packet, as the public are aware, give hopes that peace between this country and the United States is not likely to be interrupted. Sales of the week 19,000 bales.

June 13.—At the beginning of the week we rather lost ground—the demand being limited to

A Copy: Teste,

April 28, 1845.

N. P. HOWARD, Clk.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

J. THOMPSON, Jr., Jailor,

Goochland Court House, Virginia.

Goochland Court House, Virginia.

June 23—ct15Jy

Hussia. If ne neglects this condition, it is proper to the toregoing decree.

The customers of no house in the city shall tare to will be confiscated.

Preparations for the Summer campaign in the with this favorable turn in our market; it is, in
July 1—cw4w

JOHN SHORE, Com'r, better.